

THE NEED TO FORM AND DEVELOP LIBRARY SKILLS IN A YOUNG FAMILY

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Abstract: Today, apart from educational materials, reading culture is considered as a social necessity in the growth of intellectual and spiritual level of students. Uzbekistan has entered a new stage of development based on the principle of "From national revival to national rise". The intensity of the new era is aimed at establishing noble values and traditions in the life of society, in particular, in raising the spiritual and intellectual potential of our people, especially the young generation, their thinking and worldview, in raising a well-rounded person who lives with love and loyalty to the Motherland and its people. Increasing reading culture is of particular importance. In this article, methods and means of formation of reading skills are pedagogically researched.

Keywords: Book, culture, reading culture, reading skills, intellectual capacity, spirituality.

The comprehensive measures taken to create all the favorable conditions for the comprehensive development of the young generation growing up in the country are a characteristic of our people and have become an integral part of our national nature. In every family, in every neighborhood, first of all, it has been an important issue to ensure the health of young people, to give them good education, and at the same time, to raise them to adulthood as worthy persons with high spiritual and moral qualities. In the years of independence, these tasks were raised to the level of state policy in Uzbekistan, which allowed to achieve high achievements in all areas. State policy on youth in the country is a consistent process as an important political direction, which embodies the main features of the reality related to the position and life of young people. From this point of view, the state youth policy as a political direction has gone through all the social changes, fundamental reforms, and transformation processes related to youth that occurred in the history of the years of independence of Uzbekistan and were purposefully implemented by the state. That is, the state policy on youth constitutes a set of efforts and goals for the social organization of youth life based on democratic principles, building relations between youth and the state on a positive basis, and ensuring the compatibility of youth interests and values with the interests of the state. The main directions of the state policy on youth are as follows:

- ensuring the rights, freedoms and legal interests of young people;
- preserving the life and health of young people;
 - helping young people to mature spiritually, intellectually, physically and morally;
 - to educate young people in the spirit of patriotism, sense of citizenship, tolerance, respect for laws, national and universal values, able to resist harmful influences and currents, and have firm beliefs and views on life;
- raising the level of legal consciousness and legal culture of young people;
 - formation of a desire for a healthy lifestyle in young people, as well as meaningful organization of free time of young people and creation of conditions for mass development of



youth sports;

- implementation of a complex system of measures to support young families morally and materially, to create decent housing and social and household conditions for them.

Today, on the basis of all the reforms in our country, it is urgent to establish the noble values and traditions in the life of society, in particular, to raise the spiritual-intellectual potential of the young generation, their thinking and worldview, to educate a well-rounded person who lives with love and loyalty to the Motherland and the people. For this, it is necessary to pay special attention to the improvement of reading culture in the reform center. It should be noted that some work is currently being done to strengthen the legal and regulatory framework, to carry out organizational and practical work based on the requirements of the times, and to involve the general public in this issue.

Uzbekistan has entered a new stage of development based on the principle "From national recovery to national growth". The intensity of the new era is aimed at establishing noble values and traditions in the life of society, in particular, in raising the spiritual and intellectual potential of our people, especially the young generation, their thinking and worldview, in raising a well-rounded person who lives with love and loyalty to the Motherland and its people. Increasing reading culture is of particular importance.

PQ-3271 of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated September 13, 2017 "On the program of comprehensive measures to develop the system of publication and distribution of book products, increase and promote book reading and reading culture" - No. The decision was taken.

The library is a cultural, educational and scientific institution that provides public access to printed and some manuscript works. It is regularly engaged in collecting, storing, promoting and delivering printed works, as well as information- bibliography work. From this point of view, it works to increase the cultural level of the masses.

Today, in order to carry out large-scale activities in order to increase the interest of young people in reading books, on September 13, 2017 "On the development of the system of publishing and distribution of book products, increasing and promoting the culture of reading and reading PQ-3271 on the program of comprehensive measures, the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated June 7, 2019 "On further improvement of the provision of information and library services to the residents of the Republic of Uzbekistan" Resolution No.

PQ4354, as well as one of the 5 important initiatives put forward by the President to raise the morale of young people and organize their free time in a meaningful way - to raise the morale of young people, widely promote the culture of reading among them. It is being done.

Every state, every nation in the world is powerful primarily because of its intellectual potential and high spirituality. We would not be mistaken if we say that the source of such invincible power is, first of all, the great discovery of human thinking - books and libraries [2.324.]. Service to readers is the main activity of the library. All other activities, such as completing and organizing the book fund, elucidating the content of the fund, and delivering it to readers, serve for this main activity. The main goal of providing services to readers is to fully satisfy the needs of our people for information and literature and to help them choose literature. There is a system of public, scientific and special libraries, and each library organizes services by



dividing readers into certain classes according to its type. In this sense, libraries are divided into universal, multi-disciplinary and field libraries, depending on the content of the stored books.

Modern scientific and technical progress complicates the work of libraries. As rapid methods of printing printed works have been well established, the number of books has increased immeasurably. As a result, the objectives of the libraries to select, sort and rationally store them, to find them with the help of computers and to quickly deliver them to the readers became cross. . This situation made the task of replacing traditional library equipment with mechanization and automation urgent.

If conveyors and elevators have been used in libraries since the 50s and 60s of the last century, today the use of the newest techniques is being introduced to this process[3.24.]. In this case, the library equipment creates positive opportunities, such as efficient use of space, increasing the productivity of the librarian's work, and making it easier for readers to work on literature. Through the virtual library, it is possible to regularly monitor, identify, take to the library the necessary publications, obtain a full or partial control copy of the printed publications of large libraries, and quickly establish contacts with large libraries of the country and the world.

Special importance is being paid to improving the educational and methodological support of the taught subjects in accordance with the State educational standards. "Information resource centers" have modern computers with electronic multimedia textbooks and manuals. The centers are connected to the Internet. "Norma" legal information system is working. Particular importance is attached to regularly enriching the centers with scientific-artistic, educational-methodical literature. However, using the guarantees and freedoms of information for the purpose of disclosing information related to the internal life of others, collecting and disseminating information related to prohibited scientific, technical, professional and production processes, as well as information considered a state secret, causes liability according to the law.

It cannot be denied that reading books together with family members has the greatest positive effect on the spiritual and moral qualities of a person. At the same time, home schooling, which in turn is divided into independent and family schooling, is of great importance.

Independent reading is a type of reading activity that provides an individual form of communication with a book and text for a child.

Family reading is a joint reading activity in the context of creative communication of the child with parents.

Uzbek families have their own tradition of reading books. Because the family has a unique national experience in educating the young generation through books. From ancient times and until now, the book has been considered sacred in the Uzbek family. In the Uzbek household, the book was considered a spiritual property that was revered after bread.

By the time of independence, freedom and development in the level of reading in the Uzbek family began to be noticed. This is expressed in the fact that knowledge is the basis of educating the young generation to be mature in all aspects, as well as the process of acquiring knowledge, educational and spiritual education is directly related to books.



Formation of reading skills in students is a complex pedagogical process. Its effective organization requires a targeted, systematic approach to this process. Therefore, the family plays a leading role in the formation of reading skills in students of the appropriate age. The expected result can be achieved only if the family is sufficiently aware of the pedagogical-psychological foundations, organizational-methodical requirements of the process of formation of children's reading skills. It is necessary for parents to be aware of the current situation in the formation of reading skills, as well as the factors that serve the effective passage of this process, and their pedagogical and psychological impact.

In conclusion, the need to form a culture of reading among young people is a process related to the development of books and libraries. That is why the sages did not say "Book is the wing of thought" for nothing. If this wing is strong, it will not tire of striving for high latitudes. Interest in books serves to improve the spiritual world and reading culture of the young generation. Every person uses books as much as possible from his spiritual treasure, limitless possibilities, and enriches his life and the lives of others. Books are food for the soul, making friends with them is necessary not only for young people, but for everyone.

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