

INFLUENCE OF THE PSYCHOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT IN THE FAMILY ON THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE CHILD

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Abstract: Since a child is born and raised in the family, the environment in the family shows its significant influence on its development. Depending on the extent to which it is physically and mentally developed, we can evaluate the psychological environment in the family.

Key words: psychological environment, family, pedagogical neglect, stuttering, central nervous system.

Аннотация: По мере того, как ребенок рождается и растет в семье, окружающая среда в семье оказывает значительное влияние на его развитие. Мы можем судить о психологическом климате в семье в зависимости от того, насколько она развита физически и умственно.

Ключевые слова: психологический климат, семья, педагогическое пренебрежение, заикание, центральная нервная система.

Every child grows up in a family as they come into the world. The attitude, attention of family members to each other in itself does not affect the child. How is this in the family itself? A family (derived from Arabic meaning child-child, household, seed, offspring) is a social group of people connected by blood - kinship, kinship, or settlement. In social groups (a group of individuals who regularly clear themselves of interaction with each other), individuals do not necessarily remain without influence on each other. Especially now the born baby and young children quickly acquire any feature by imitating the behavior of the people around them. One of the most important features in a person, which is formed on the basis of such imitations, is speech. Speech-despite being a complex mental activity based on perception by means of hearing organs, develops by imitation of those around them.

Where there is a social group, a social environment is necessarily formed. The social environment is the social, material and spiritual conditions that surround a person in order to live and work. And now let's see how the social environment created by these social groups is important in human maturation.

Let's start with simple cases that are familiar to all of us:

Whichever family has a small child, be it a child, or the nephew will definitely love him, pamper him. In most cases, we will witness that the child whose language has just begun to come out will definitely make mistakes in the pronunciation of words and sounds, but it is in this situation that adults at home, instead of correcting these mistakes and shortcomings, unfortunately they also speak the language of the child. This is strengthened by recurrence. Even when the child grows up to school age, he still walks "bread" as "nanna", "tractor" as "tyaktoy". Of course, a specialist with this child can engage in speech therapy and teach him



to speak correctly, but in our people it is not for nothing that the saying “Good has prevented the patient from healing.”

And our next case is the fact that events that negatively affect the child occur a lot in the life of the child, namely: the occurrence of disagreements between parents in front of children, the fact that they are told about family problems in front of them, that parents use force to speak harshly to their children even for trifles, and so on. As a result of the above situations, a child may develop a predisposition to stress and depression, and those around him may experience fear and inability to behave freely, poor perception and disorientation of attention. Therefore, polite communication with children of younger age should be explained correctly, even with slowness when making mistakes.

And now let's get acquainted with the situation and circumstances in the family and in the social environment as a whole, which are the reasons for the origin of stuttering, which is one of the severe speech defects. Stuttering is the act of being caught and spoken as a result of tension in the muscles of the articulatory organs. The main reasons for the origin of stuttering are:

- infection with nerve diseases that relax or remove the activity of the central nervous system;
- fear, intense agitation, emotional tension, falling into a panic;
- generational disorder;
- type XYL injuries of the brain;

As we have seen, fear, strong excitability, emotional tension, falling into panic cause severe speech defects in the child. If a constant unhealthy atmosphere reigns in the family, in this case, strong psychological changes can also occur in the child in combination with a severe speech defect. The difference between stuttering and many other speech defects is that it does not completely recover after corrective work such as other defective ones. If you work with a stuttering child to achieve a positive result in him, but he again receives the same strong psychological impact as before (strong fear, wakima, strong emotions, severe mental tension, etc.) in which the stuttering can be repeated again. The nervous system of smoked people is quickly affected by the fact that they get angry and overheated even on trifles. For this reason, individuals with this defect must also perform the necessary exercises after the defect has been eliminated, constantly controlling themselves, learning to control the nervous system and emotions.

Children who are left without pedagogical care in the family are also distinguished by the fact that they lag behind their peers for some time. Such children lag behind other children in mastering knowledge and skills, are clearly reflected in the inability to concentrate, lack of memory, lack of self-confidence, lack of vocabulary wealth.

The role of parents in the family to give birth to children in a healthy way, as well as in their growing up as perfect people, is incomparable. It is important that they are ready to take parental responsibility before giving birth to a child, have the opportunity to create the necessary conditions for their child, the main thing is that they constantly monitor him after birth and strive for proper formation.



It is known to all of us that a child who grows up under the attention of the parents, in a comfortable environment and in a healthy social environment grows up to be a healthy, self-centered, self-aware and, most importantly, educated and self-confident person in every possible way.

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