



## WOMEN RIGHTS IN THE CURRENT DAYS OF THE REPUBLIC OF UZBEKISTAN AND THEIR PROSPERITY

Teacher of the Department of Social Sciences

**A. N. Gulyamova**

Women's rights are an integral part of human rights, and their equal participation in social, economic, and political life is a fundamental characteristic of any democratic society. In Uzbekistan, the protection and development of women's rights is a priority in state policy.

In Uzbekistan, women's rights and their role in society are one of the priorities of state policy. The country pays great attention to protecting the rights and interests of women, increasing their socio-political and economic activity.

In recent years, Uzbekistan has adopted a number of important laws to support women. In particular, in 2019, the laws "On Guarantees of Equal Rights and Opportunities for Women and Men" and "On Protection of Women from Harassment and Violence" were adopted. These laws are aimed at protecting women from harassment and violence in marriage, at work, and in educational institutions, and at ensuring gender equality.

The Law "On the Protection of Reproductive Health of Citizens" was also adopted, and amendments were made to the Labor Code to protect women from discrimination and harassment.

The participation of women in the country's economic, political, and social life is increasing year by year. For example, women make up nearly 27 percent of the members of the Senate and 32.6 percent of deputies elected to local councils. Women are also actively involved in healthcare, education, culture, science, and entrepreneurship.

In order to expand the rights and opportunities of women in Uzbekistan, more than 40 regulatory legal acts have been adopted, and special commissions and committees have been established in the state to ensure gender equality.

Programs are being implemented to ensure women's employment, engage them in entrepreneurial activities, increase their income, and provide social protection. Assistance is being provided to women in need through targeted programs such as the "Women's Notebook."

According to World Bank analyses, Uzbekistan is one of the five countries in the world that has achieved the greatest success in its reforms towards achieving gender equality.

The Women's Committee of Uzbekistan, Gender Equality Commissions, and other specialized bodies are working to ensure women's rights. The government is also implementing social programs, education, and healthcare projects.

A number of changes have been made to the Family Code to strengthen women's rights and ensure gender equality in the family. In particular, new norms have been introduced to prevent violence against women and provide them with social protection.

The Labor Code of Uzbekistan has been amended to protect women's rights to work and ensure the principles of gender equality. The legislation prohibits gender-based discrimination in the workplace and establishes preferential conditions for women.



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A number of decrees and resolutions adopted in 2022 paid special attention to the issues of social protection of women, their support in the fields of education and healthcare. Special programs were developed to help especially low-income women.

According to the legislation, laws have been adopted on the protection of women from oppression and violence, which establish measures against all forms of violence. There are also laws on "Reliable protection of the rights, freedoms and legitimate interests of women and children."

State policy and activities of institutions Protection of women's rights is a priority direction of state policy. The State Committee for Family and Women was established by presidential decree, and a separate committee operates in the Senate of the Oliy Majlis. These bodies implement measures to protect the rights and interests of women and ensure gender equality.

The judicial system also plays an important role in protecting women from harassment and violence, providing them with psychological, social, and legal assistance. The state also implements targeted support programs.

In ensuring women's rights, there are problems such as domestic violence, gender stereotypes, and discrimination in the workplace. The state and society are taking measures to eliminate these problems.

The government has adopted and continuously improved laws and regulations to protect women. These laws create a stable legal basis for women's rights in the areas of labor, education, healthcare, and social protection.

Specialized government bodies dealing with women's issues, such as women's committees, gender equality commissions, and other organizations, are actively working to protect their rights. These institutions play an important role in implementing social policy, monitoring, and interacting with the public.

Uzbekistan adheres to international standards and agreements in protecting women's rights. In cooperation with international organizations, further improvement of state policy and implementation of relevant measures have been initiated.

Compliance with international standards Uzbekistan has acceded to international treaties that provide for the protection of women from all forms of discrimination and harassment, and national legislation is being improved based on them.

The Constitution establishes norms such as equal rights for women and men, protection from violence, and equal pay for labor.

Resolutions of the Legislative Chamber and the Senate have been adopted to approve state programs and strategies for ensuring gender equality and women's rights, including the Gender Equality Strategy until 2030. Article 46 of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan guarantees equal rights for women and men.

Resolution No. 192 of the Cabinet of Ministers of March 30, 2020 approves the Regulation on the procedure for conducting gender-legal expertise of regulatory legal documents.

Presidential resolutions and decrees establish measures to strengthen guarantees of women's labor rights, support entrepreneurial activity, and provide social support.

These documents are aimed at guaranteeing the personal, political, economic, social and cultural rights of women and serve as the main legal framework for ensuring their equal participation in society .



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Uzbekistan has acceded to the main international human rights treaties of the UN, which are aimed at ensuring women's rights and gender equality. In particular, international instruments such as the UN Convention on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW) are an important basis for protecting women's rights in Uzbekistan.

National legislation is formulated in accordance with international standards and treaties, and the state is responsible for ensuring equal rights and opportunities for women, including in the areas of labor, education, healthcare, social protection, and political activism.

State bodies actively participate in the development and implementation of state programs, national action plans, and strategies in the field of ensuring equal rights and opportunities for women.

In Uzbekistan, international treaties and national legislation work in harmony and together form the main legal framework for protecting women's rights. This process is carried out as follows.

After international treaties are signed and ratified by Uzbekistan, they are incorporated into national legislation and enter into force in the country. This in progress international contract norms national laws with in conflict not to be need.

National legislation international standards and to contracts suitable in a way will be created and For example, women 's rights protection to do due laws international human rights to the norms suitable comes.

Halkaro in contracts marked Laughter and compulsions national Days orqali amalga oshiriladi, dawlat organs this norms in skills responsible bouladi.

In Uzbekistan international of contracts national to the law integration of the state international obligations to do provides and women's rights protection in doing legal guarantees creates.

Women and girls rights are of humanity the most important and protection to be done from the rights one is considered International community by women's rights protection to do and them provision according to many standards and agreements reception made in Uzbekistan both this in the field important steps is being put , however international standards with harmony level and them to do increase issues permanent in consideration as remains.

The UN Women's Rights About International Convention on the Rights of Women (CEDAW, 1979) — this convention relatively all in shape discrimination elimination verb for the purpose of reception done.

The UN Human Rights worldwide declaration (1948) — all of people, including women's both equal rights and their freedoms emphasizes.

Beijing Declaration and Actions Platform (1995) — women's social, political and economic in life equal participation to provide directed important document.

With this together, national laws and international contracts between compatibility provision for the purpose of legislation experts and state offices by a gender-legal expertise will be conducted.

In Uzbekistan, women's rights are protected and promoted through national legislation and institutional mechanisms in accordance with international human rights standards.

In Uzbekistan, international treaties and national laws work in harmony, creating a solid legal basis for protecting women's rights and ensuring the state's fulfillment of its international obligations.

In conclusion, it can be said that women's rights in Uzbekistan are widely protected by the state in legal, social, and institutional terms. Reforms and legislation in this area are constantly being improved. The normative legal acts that form the basis for women's rights in Uzbekistan include the following.

Ensuring women's rights and opportunities in Uzbekistan has been elevated to the level of state policy, and reforms and the legislative framework in this area are being constantly improved. The role and activity of women in society are increasing year by year, and the comprehensive protection of their rights, freedoms, and legitimate interests is one of the important factors in the country's development.

Protecting women's rights and increasing their socio-economic participation is a priority state policy in Uzbekistan. It is necessary to further improve the effectiveness of legislation and institutions in this regard.

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