

THE FIGHT AGAINST INFECTIOUS DISEASES OF UZBEKISTAN ON EXPERIENCE

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Annotation: Thus, among the population to prevent various infectious kasallaklarning, on the organization of the sanitary service has become one of the priority areas in the development of medicine. Thus, the sanitary-epidemioliya paid attention to the main activities of the center. As a result of events in the next year out tib preventive and sanitary-epidemiological stability to ensure were achieved.

Key words: Health care, sanitation, epidemiology, prevention, region, village, population, KVP, doctor, nursiz medical examination.

Medical services to the population, for the organization of the activities of health care institutions and social features of the population gigienik social, material and living conditions, it is important to know the composition of your family. In this regard, based on the principle of family medical services to the population in the republic to establish the need appear. This, first and foremost, is in accordance with the purpose of implementation in rural areas.

Of the population in uzbekistan vaccination against epidemic diseases on the basis of the indications yukumli plan and policy, "the protection of citizens 'health" and "state sanitary control of the control law" on the national immunisation schedule was conducted on the basis of free and guaranteed¹. In the country, tuberculosis, polio, difteriya, viral hepatitis B, kukyo'tal, qoqshol measles-parotit-the binding of a vaccine against qizilcha and xi plan has been established².

The republic in 1995 - 1999 difteriya to the 2010-2011 year from 1995 to 2004 and polio, and measles in the year 2006-2007 and 2010-2011 national immunization against qizilcha is held on the day and, thus, 99 percent of the population vaccinated³.

Population to more than 95 percent vaccination coverage with oil has been completed. A regular plan and be held in uzbekistan as a result of mass vaccination of polio disease from 1995 to 2002 while the list did not get the certificate took in the territory of uzbekistan, which is free from polio. Difteriya did not get to the list of disease since 2002⁴.

In 2001, the republic of hepatitis VGA, 2007 qizamik-I am parotit, red, 2009 pentavalent vaccine in the immunization schedule (difteriya, kukyutal, qoqshol -+hepatitis b+ XIBSGA) were included. Worth mentioning, by the ministry of health, to follow the recommendations of

¹Ўз ИТТХ МА, М-372 -фонд, 1-рўйхат, 929-иш, 86-варак.

²Ўз ИТТХ МА, М-372 -фонд, 1-рўйхат, 929-иш, 86-варак.

³Соатова И, Жамият тараққиёти йўлидаги мухим мақсадлар // Ўзбекистонда соғлиқни сақлаш, 2012 йил 16 мартъ

⁴Ўз ИТТХ МА, М-372 -фонд, 1-рўйхат, 929-иш, 87-варак.



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the who in the prevention of yukumli qasalliklarni gradual in the case of a new vaccine was applied to the practice of medicine⁵.

90 years of the disease compared to 30-35 times of the indicators to reduce infectious intestinal disease reduced their position to the death of young children. In particular, quarantine, and extremely dangerous infectious, also, polio, difteriya, qoqshol a number of diseases during the year were not observed⁶ in 2006, .2005 year, compared to infectious diseases is reduced. In particular, the runs of up to 5, up 34 viral hepatitis, up to 587 ORVI, tuberculosis, while reduced up to 5⁷,

Mass was held in the republic on the day of vaccination against polio in 2011. The vaccine works in the "cold chain" was done without following the rules. Dangerous infectious diseases in order to prevent the cable that come with neighboring countries in a region international airport in the customs of the post portable sanitary-control points have been established. This, of course, an important factor to serve as the front of any existing risks early⁸.

In the years 2007-2009 in the section reduced the incidence of the primary index 672,31 100000 population compared to pm, April owns a 8.0 percent, while in the region fergana region grew by 4,4 percent. The rest of the region, this figure had decreased observed that almost a shore or a little. The incidence of general index (compared to every 100 thousand population) from 2007-2009 during the last years of the republic of karakalpakstan until reduced to the case of 90200,66 84911,09, Architecture, Navoi, bukhara and tashkent city from the republic of the indicator is high. In the first place, while on the composition of common diseases, diseases of the blood and blood pressure - 24,1 percent, in second place a'zoi respiratory diseases - 18'2foiz' in the third place, the members of digestive diseases-1 compared to 1.6 percent⁹.

Bopshanishi khatirchi the region of the 2008 season with epidemiological, and laboratory medical diagnostics of dealing with the extra Nurota Kiziltepa district was established. The company, which was formed in the 2008 summer season in the region of the plague the plague laboratory 4 units of dealing with the disease with the help of his 3899 sample units have been checked. He sees them from patients with diarrhea kasallnklari 2779 check was conducted. 5 water samples from the plague, 228 units from diarrhea vabosimon vibriionlari 15 vabosimon the patient identified. Acute diarrhea cholera and other diseases in the season Epidemiologik vaziatni the coordination of the fight against the epidemic at ssb members in order to go has been created for the staff of the region¹⁰.

Bird on polio disease in the republic of tajikistan in 2010 unpleasant situations arise, taking into account that raxbariyat who, UNICEF polio vaccine in collaboration with 5 children under the age of 4 pcs-round in the months of April and may of 2011, and the fifth and sixth-round of the national immunization days was held. Round of all 6 of 9,3 million. children vaccinated against polio. Get the index 98-99 percent vaccination coverage in the days with Me¹¹.

⁵ЎРИТТҲ МДА, М-372-фонд, 1-рўйхат, 929-иш, 87-варақ.

⁶Имконият ва муваффақиятлар даври // Ўзбекистонда соғлиқни сақлаш, 2011 йил 19 августъ

⁷Соатова И, Ҳалқ манфаатининг устувор имкониятлари // Ўзбекистонда соғлиқни сақлаш, 2007 йил 18 сентябръ

⁸Имконият ва муваффақиятлар даври // Ўзбекистонда соғлиқни сақлаш, 2011 йил 19 августъ

⁹ЎЗ ИТТҲ МА, М-372 -фонд, 1-рўйхат, 857-иш, 58-варақ.

¹⁰ЎРИТТҲ МДА, М-372-фонд, 1-рўйхат, 819-иш, 80-варақ.

¹¹ЎЗ ИТТҲ МА, М-372 -фонд, 1-рўйхат, 929-иш, 87-варақ.

Measles epidemic in the republic for the year 2010-2011 with the situation on incidence of disease was complicated. Anybody on the analysis of the incidence of 1-6 from those who age-41%, 29,5 children under the age of 1 percent. The incidence 57,3 percent of unvaccinated against those qizamiqqa, 19,2% of the details on them not the vaccine, vaccination against qizamiqqa 23,5 percent of the time I am. Laboratory of immunity against qizamiqqa tension checkings seronegativ 1-5 year old children in 24%, in the age of 6 13,6%, 7-14yoshda-7,8%, 5,6 at adults over the age of 15 percent.Qizamiqqa no immunity against unvaccinated against the measles qizamaqqa population and of persons to be growing from year to year as a result of the disease began to get the list of¹².

Mamuriy measles in all regions of the republic of uzbekistan by the ministry of health in order to prevent the spread of the disease in September of the year 2011 12-18 days qizamik-national immunization days against qizilcha was organized. 9,8 million to the republic of india Serum institute developed at dose of measles - qizilcha did not bring more of the population under 15 years of age from the age of 8 million population of 443 thousand Mekullarida 1 measles – were covered by the vaccine against qizilcha¹³.

2012 12 times in women of childbearing age, adolescent girls and children of weeks in recovery. More than 800 of the leading professors and highly qualified specialists at clinics by more than 311 thousand units 2680 qvp women, teenage girls and children a thorough medical examination is more than 210 thousand¹⁴.

The population of sanitary-epidemiological relaxed to ensure that the spread of infectious diseases DSENM between them is avoided and the material-technical base in order to strengthen certain work has been done. For example, in the republic of karakalpakstan is available DSENM a total of 17, 14 district was the center of control of them. Of the republic of karakalpakstan state sanitary-epidemiological control of the environment by harmful kimeviy the center of physical views, and other biological factors as well as poor-quality food products, consumer goods and other industrial products to be damaged in the effects of people living in rural areas on the prevention of cases going beyond the limit of the environment (water, air, soil), pollution control laboratory constant over the level of installed. From 1996 to polio, extremely dangerous infectious diseases, abdominal tifi compared to 2007, the epidemic parotit, difteriya, whooping cough, measles, qizilcha diseases did not take into account¹⁵.

2012 9 times in the republic of "women of fertile age, children and teenagers-girls health week" is held in order to give practical help to the medical staff of the republic and the primary progression of the clinic, the center of higher medical educational institutions of 653 students and professionals highly qualified players to mobilize the areas of women of childbearing age and 165 thousand persons by them 688 619 238 medical examination thousand persons were teenagers¹⁶.

Regional treatment centers and 2012 in the areas of medical-preventive institutions 8338098 8012773 by specialists in women of childbearing age and children medical examination was conducted. From the start of June of the current year re-medical examination of children and

¹²ЎЗ ИТТХ МА, М-372 -фонд, 1-рўйхат, 929-иш, 88-варак.

¹³ЎЗ ИТТХ МА, М-372 -фонд, 1-рўйхат, 929-иш, 89-варак.

¹⁴Соатова И, Якуний натижалар ва келгуси режалар // Ўзбекистонда соглиқни сақлаш, 2013 йил 8 февраль

¹⁵Шомуротов Ш, Ислоҳотлар самараси ва инсон саломатлиги // Ўзбекистонда соглиқни сақлаш, 2011 йил 12 август

¹⁶ЎЗ ИТТХ МА, М-372 -фонд, 1-рўйхат, 934-иш, 35-варак.

women of childbearing age 2138631 1638686 students conducted the medical examination of women in 937015 students (43.8%) of children and students in 741041 (45.2%) was the improvement of the work. Polio, kizamiq, qizilcha, AKDS, 2012 btsj pentavalent vaccines that need to be vaccinated and the vaccine for the year to the organization and unicef agreed to the amount of transferred to mablag'hisob rakam was conducted. All were brought to the republic for 9 months of 2012 of the vaccine and the vaccination programme from the level of the vaccine on children of miliy 95,6 99,7%, respectively. During the 9 months of 2012 will go on to provide stability and extremely dangerous infectious diseases epidemiological quarantine. The government of the republic of uzbekistan in the border area with afghanistan preventive measures against rodents measures (deratizasiya) will hold¹⁷.

The ministry of health of the republic of uzbekistan in the system of preventive treatment institutions in the fight against the prevention of infections in hospitals in order to fund the project at the expense of the global fund in the amount of \$ 2.359.000 will buy vehicles used in medicine for some time¹⁸.

Among children on the fight against gelmintozlarga 2012 - has developed a strategic program for 2015. This strategic direction in the core region during the 9 months of 2012, mainly school children (children under the age of 14) was held degelmintizasiyadan¹⁹.

November 2017. who's in "the territory of the state from the disease of measles and qizilcha the republic of uzbekistan" on the international certificate of the fact that he has won.

11 of the ministry of health in June of the year 2018 "in the republic of uzbekistan, women, children and adolescents is effective to an obstetrician-gynecological services to enhance the quality of medical care rendered on the organization and" 386 dated on the order of women in the territory in accordance with the "monthly healthy women" within the framework of kurik was held from medical²⁰. Tashkent region, Parkent district Central polyclinic medical association and the universal, which is owned him "Zarkent" 47 "Sukok" 46-number of rural family polyclinics in hosted this event²¹. In the result of such activities, 85201 women of childbearing age were examined and 64.9 percent of them were diagnosed with extragenital diseases and recovered²².

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¹⁷ЎРИТТХ МДА, М-372-фонд, 1-рўйхат, 934-иш, 43-варак.

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